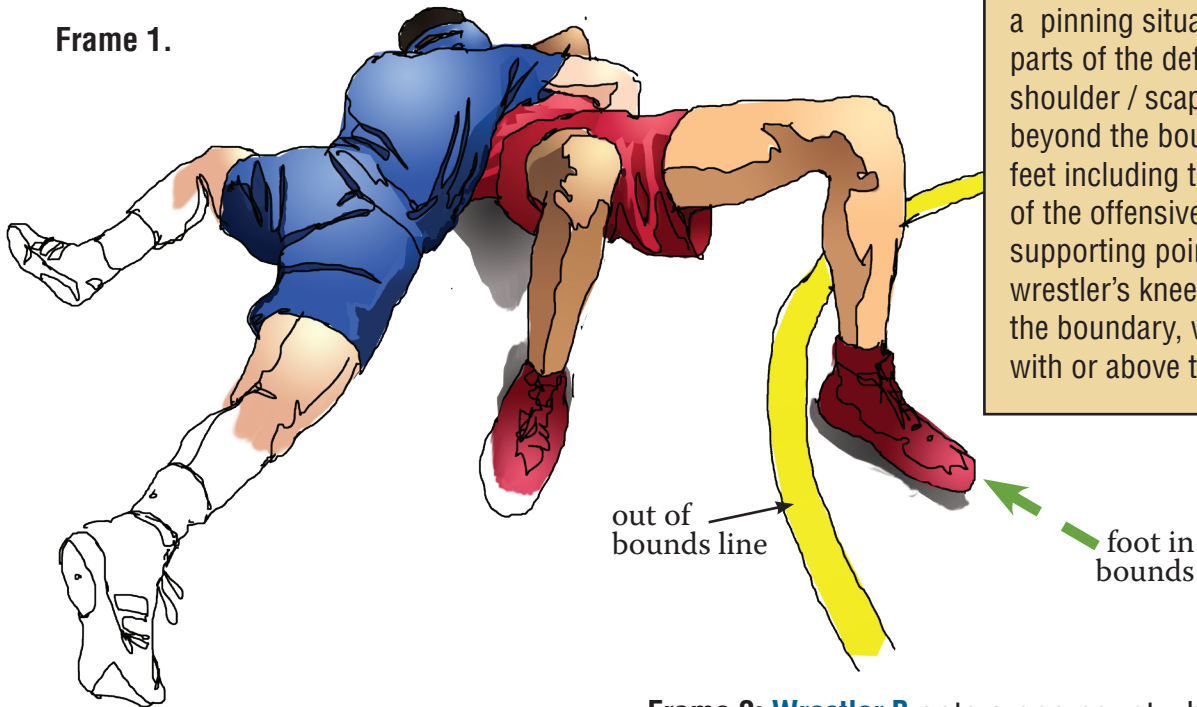


**Frame 1:** **Wrestler B** is completely out of bounds while **wrestler A** is on his back out of bounds, **wrestler A** has one foot (one supporting point) in side or on the out-of-bounds circle.

**Both wrestlers are out-of bounds.**

**Frame 1.**

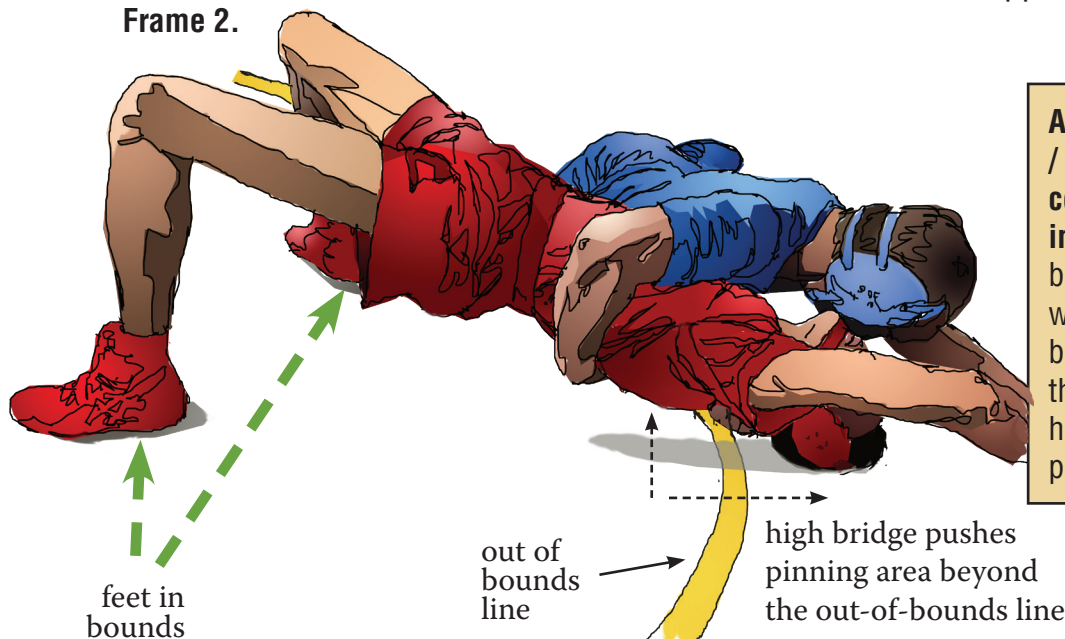


**SECTION 15 INBOUNDS:**

**RULE 5-15-2c** near fall points or fall shall be earned only while the supporting points of either wrestler are inbounds. In a pinning situation, when all parts of the defensive wrestler's shoulder / scapula are on the mat beyond the boundary line, if the feet including the heels and toes of the offensive wrestler are the supporting points, the offensive wrestler's knee(s) must be inside the boundary, whether in contact with or above the mat.

**Frame 2:** **Wrestler B** gets a one count while **wrestler A's** shoulder / scapula is in contact with the out-of-bounds line. **Wrestler A** high bridges taking him off and beyond the out-of-bounds line. The near fall count shall continue because **wrestler A's** feet are the two supporting points in bounds.

**Frame 2.**



**Any part of one shoulder / scapula on the mat is considered all supporting points** necessary to be inbounds to continue wrestling, or out-of-bounds to stop action if the opponent does not have two supporting points inbounds.